

**FOURTH SEMESTER EXAMINATION 2021-22****M.Sc. MATHEMATICS****Paper - II****Partial Differential Equations, Mechanics and  
Gravitation-II**

Time : 3.00 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 80

Total No. of Printed Page : 03

Mini. Marks : 29

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**Note:-** Question paper is divided into three sections. Attempt question of all three section as per direction Distribution of marks is given in each section.

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**Section 'A'****Very short answer question (in few words)**

Q.1 Attempt any six questions from the following :

6x2=12

- (i) Define constraints.
- (ii) Define Generalised momentum.
- (iii) Define Routhian function.
- (iv) Define Hamiltonian.
- (v) What is canonical transformation ? Explain.
- (vi) What is surface density ? Explain.
- (vii) Write the formula for potential of their uniform infinite rod.
- (viii) Define Equipotential surface.
- (ix) Write the formula for potential of spherical shell of finite thickness.
- (x) Define Lagranges Bracket.

(2)

## Section 'B'

### Short answer type question (in 200 words)

Q.1 Attempt any four questions from the following : 4x5=20

- (i) Find the shortest distance between two points in a plane.
- (ii) Show that the generalised momentum conjugate to a cyclic co-ordinate is conserved.
- (iii) Derive the relation between attraction and potential.
- (iv) Find a curve joining two points along which a particle falling from rest under the influence of gravity travels from higher to the lower point in the minimum time.
- (v) Explain non-Holonomic systems.
- (vi) By using Hamiltons canonical equation

Show that the tranformation

$$P = \frac{1}{2}(p^2 + q^2) \text{ and } Q = \tan^{-1} \frac{q}{p} \text{ is canonical.}$$

- (vii) Find the potential of solid sphere at an external point.

## Section 'C'

### Long answer/Essay type question.

**4x12=48**

Q.3 Attempt any four questions from the following questions :

- (i) Derive Hamilton canonical Equation.
- (ii) If  $[\phi, \psi]$  in the poisson Bracket of  $\phi$  &  $\psi$  then prove that :

$$(a) \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial t} [\phi, \psi] = \left[ \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial t}, \psi \right] + \left[ \phi, \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} \right]$$

$$(b) \quad \frac{d}{dt} [\phi, \psi] = \left[ \frac{d\phi}{dt}, \psi \right] + \left[ \phi, \frac{d\psi}{dt} \right]$$

- (iii) (a) Show that Lagrange's Bracket is invariant under a canonical transformation.

(3)

- (b) Prove that Lagrange's Bracket does not obey the commutative law.
- (iv) State and prove Jacobi-Poisson theorem.
- (v) Find the potential of their spherical shell at an external and internal points.
- (vi) Show that the potential of a uniform circular disc, of man  $M$  and radius  $a$ , at a point in its plane distant  $c$  from its centre is :

$$\frac{4\gamma M}{\pi a^2} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{a^2 - c^2 \sin^2 \theta} \, d\theta$$

or

$$\frac{4\gamma M}{\pi a^2} \int_0^{\sin^{-1} \frac{a}{c}} \sqrt{a^2 - c^2 \sin^2 \theta} \, d\theta$$

according as  $c$  is less or greater than  $a$ .

- (vii) Find the potential of circular disc on unit man placed at a point on the axis, perpendicular to the plane of the disc which panes through its centre.

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